

2012 FEB 3

1

~~DIFFERENT PARTICLES~~

3nC

1nC

~~DIFFERENT MASS~~

WHICH PARTICLE FEELS A GREATER FORCE?

$$E = k \frac{Q}{r^2}$$

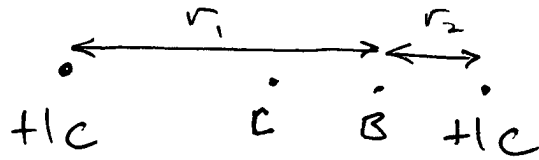
THE 3nC CHARGE PRODUCES A GREATER ELECTRIC FIELD 10cm AWAY FROM IT THAN DOES THE 1nC CHARGE.

$$F = qE$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\text{ON } 1\text{nC}} &= (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}) E_{\text{PRODUCED BY } 3\text{nC}} \\ &= (1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}) \left(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2} \right) \frac{(3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C})}{(0.1\text{m})^2} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_{\text{ON } 3\text{nC}} &= (3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}) E_{\text{PRODUCED BY } 1\text{nC}} \\ &= (3 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C}) \left(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2} \right) \frac{(1 \times 10^{-9} \text{ C})}{(0.1\text{m})^2} \end{aligned}$$

PARTICLES FEEL THE SAME (IN MAGNITUDE) FORCE.
(NEWTON'S 3RD LAW)



$$V = K \frac{Q}{r}$$

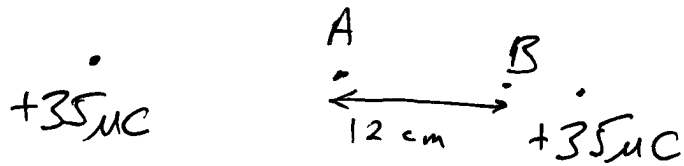
$$V_B = K \frac{Q_1}{r_1} + K \frac{Q_2}{r_2}$$

$$\frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{1} = 1.33$$

$$V_C = K \frac{Q_1}{r_1} + K \frac{Q_2}{r_2}$$

$$\frac{1}{2} + \frac{1}{2} = 1$$

CH 17, P16



- ① FIND ELECTRIC POTENTIAL PRODUCED BY BOTH $35 \mu\text{C}$ CHARGES AT A, THEN AGAIN AT B.

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_A &= K \frac{Q_1}{r_1} + K \frac{Q_2}{r_2} \\
 &= \left(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}\right) \frac{(35 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{(0.16 \text{m})} + \left(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}\right) \frac{(35 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{(0.16 \text{m})} \\
 &= 3.94 \times 10^6 \text{V}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned}
 V_B &= K \frac{Q_1}{r_1} + K \frac{Q_2}{r_2} \\
 &= \left(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}\right) \frac{(35 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{(0.28 \text{m})} + \left(9 \times 10^9 \frac{\text{N}\cdot\text{m}^2}{\text{C}^2}\right) \frac{(35 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})}{(0.04 \text{m})} \\
 &= 9 \times 10^6 \text{V}
 \end{aligned}$$

$$PE_A = (0.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})(3.94 \times 10^6 \text{V}) = 1.97 \text{J}$$

$$PE_B = (0.5 \times 10^{-6} \text{C})(9 \times 10^6 \text{V}) = 4.5 \text{J}$$

$$W = 4.5 \text{J} - 1.97 \text{J} = 2.53 \text{J}$$