The International System of Units (SI)

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The International System of Units

Le Système international d'unités (SI) [french] The International System of Units (SI) [english] administered by

Le Bureau international des poids et mesures (BIPM) [french] The International Bureau of Weights and Measures (BIPM) [english]

https://www.bipm.org/

SI units

- A second is about the time between heartbeats.
- A *meter* is about the length of an adult human leg.
- A kilogram is about the mass of a full 1-liter bottle of seltzer water.

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In 2019, the SI underwent a major revision.



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People are excited about the 2019 SI update.



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SI: Seven defining constants

Defining constant	Symbol	Numerical value	Unit
hyperfine transition			
frequency of Cs	$\Delta u_{ m Cs}$	9 192 631 770	Hz
speed of light			
in vacuum	С	299 792 458	${ m m~s^{-1}}$
Planck constant	h	$6.626 070 15 \times 10^{-34}$	Js
elementary charge	е	1.602 176 634 $ imes$ 10 ⁻¹⁹	С
Boltzmann constant	k	$1.380 649 \times 10^{-23}$	${\sf J}\;{\sf K}^{-1}$
Avogadro constant	N _A	$6.022 \ 140 \ 76 \times 10^{23}$	mol^{-1}
luminous efficacy	$K_{ m cd}$	683	${\rm Im}~{\rm W}^{-1}$

SI base units

Base quantity		Base unit	
Name	Typical symbol	Name	Symbol
time	t	second	S
length	<i>I</i> , <i>x</i> , <i>r</i> , etc.	meter	m
mass	т	kilogram	kg
electric current	I, i	ampere	A
temperature	Т	kelvin	K
amount of substance	п	mole	mol
luminous intensity	$I_{ m v}$	candela	cd

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SI Logo



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SI base units

- A second is the time it takes for a Cesium-133 atom to make 9,192,631,770 periods of oscillation in its ground-state hyperfine transition.
- ▶ A meter is the distance light travels in 1/299,792,458 second.
- A kilogram is the mass that would result if (299,792,458)²/6.62607015 × 10⁻³⁴ photons with frequency 1 Hz were transformed entirely into matter.

SI prefixes

10^{-24}	yocto	(y)	10 ²⁴	yotta	(Y)
10^{-21}	zepto	(z)	10 ²¹	zetta	(Z)
10^{-18}	atto	(a)	10 ¹⁸	exa	(E)
10^{-15}	femto	(f)	10 ¹⁵	peta	(P)
10^{-12}	pico	(p)	10 ¹²	tera	(T)
10^{-9}	nano	(n)	10 ⁹	giga	(G)
10^{-6}	micro	(μ)	10 ⁶	mega	(M)
10^{-3}	milli	(m)	10 ³	kilo	(k)
10^{-2}	centi	(c)	10 ²	hecto	(h)
10^{-1}	deci	(d)	10	deca	(da)

In physics, variables contain units.



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